



# Procarbazine Lomustine and VinCRIStine (PCV) Therapy

#### INDICATIONS FOR USE:

INDICATION	ICD10	Regimen Code	Reimbursement Status
Adjuvant treatment of Grade II glioma administered after radiotherapy	C71	00379a	Hospital
Palliative treatment for recurrent high grade gliomas	C71	00379b	Hospital

#### TREATMENT:

The starting dose of the drugs detailed below may be adjusted downward by the prescribing clinician, using their independent medical judgement, to consider each patients individual clinical circumstances.

Each cycle consists of:

- Lomustine orally on day 1
- Procarbazine orally on days 8 to 21
- VinCRIStine administered IV on days 8 and 29

repeated every 6 weeks or until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity develops.

For adjuvant therapy: PCV Therapy should start within 4 weeks after completion of radiotherapy.

Day	Drug	Dose	Route	Diluent & Rate	Cycle
1	<sup>a,c</sup> Lomustine	110mg/m <sup>2</sup> ONCE a day	РО	N/A	Every 42 days
8 to 21	<sup>b, c</sup> Procarbazine	60mg/m <sup>2</sup> ONCE a day	РО	N/A	Every 42 days
8, 29	<sup>d</sup> VinCRIStine	1.4mg/m <sup>2</sup> (Dose capped at 2mg)	IV	50ml 0.9% NaCl over 10min	Every 42 days

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Lomustine is available as 40mg capsules

https://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/medonc/safetyreview/neurotoxicguidance.pdf

#### **ELIGIBILTY:**

- Indications as above
- ECOG 0-2 (adjuvant)
- ECOG 0-3 (palliative)
- Adequate renal and hepatic function

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Procarbazine is available as 50mg capsules, round dose to nearest 50mg

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Lomustine and procarbazine are unlicensed drugs. If the drug is not to be dispensed by the hospital, then the hospital should ensure communication with the patient's community pharmacy to ensure there is no interruption in treatment

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm d}$ VinCRIStine is a neurotoxic chemotherapeutic agent. Refer to NCCP Guidance on the Safe Use of Neurotoxic drugs (including Vinca Alkaloids) in the treatment of cancer





## **EXCLUSIONS:**

- Patients with hypersensitivity to procarbazine, lomustine vinCRIStine or any of the listed excipients
- Pregnancy
- Lactation

## PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

The treatment plan must be initiated by a Consultant Medical Oncologist

## **TESTS:**

#### **Baseline tests:**

- FBC, renal and liver profile
- Glucose
- Pulmonary function tests

## Regular tests:

- FBC, renal and liver profile prior to each treatment
- Pulmonary function tests with prolonged therapy

## **Disease monitoring:**

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

## **DOSE MODIFICATIONS:**

• Any dose modification should be discussed with a Consultant.

## Haematological:

Table 1: Dose modifications in haematological toxicity

ANC (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)		Platelets (x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	Dose
≥1.5	and	≥100	100%
0.5-1.49	or	50-99	Delay treatment until recovery
<0.5		< 50	Delay treatment until recovery and reduce lomustine and procarbazine by 25% for subsequent cycles
Febrile neutroper	nia		Delay treatment until recovery and reduce lomustine and procarbazine by 25% for subsequent cycles

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### **Renal and Hepatic Impairment:**

Table 2: Dose modifications in renal and hepatic impairment

Drug	Renal Impairment	Hepatic Impairment				
Lomustine	CrCl (ml/min)	Dose	Lack of information available Consider dose reduction			
	>60	100%				
	45-60	75%				
	30-45	50%				
	<30	Not recommended				
Procarbazine	Serum creatinine	Dose	Bilirubin		AST/ALT	Dose
			(micromol/L)			
	> 177 micromol/L	50%	>50			Consider a dose
						reduction
	Severe renal	Not recommended	>85	or	AST >180	Contra-
	impairment					indicated
VinCRIStine	No dose reduction	necessary	26-51	or	60-180	50%
			>51	and	Normal	50%
			>51	and	> 180	Omit

## **SUPPORTIVE CARE:**

#### **EMETOGENIC POTENTIAL:**

Lomustine Day 1 Moderate to High (Refer to local policy)
Procarbazine Day 8-22 Moderate to High (Refer to local policy)
VinCRIStine Day 8 and 29 Minimal (Refer to local policy)

PREMEDICATIONS: None usually required

### OTHER SUPPORTIVE CARE:

- Prophylactic regimen against vinCRIStine induced constipation is recommended (Refer to local policy).
- Lomustine can cause birth defects. Men and women are recommended to take contraceptive precautions during therapy with lomustine and for 6 months after treatment.

## ADVERSE EFFECTS / REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS:

The adverse effects listed are not exhaustive. Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for full details.

- **Neutropenia:** Fever or other evidence of infection must be assessed promptly and treated appropriately.
- Pulmonary toxicity: Lomustine should be administered with caution in patients with a baseline below 70% of predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) or carbon monoxide diffusing capacity (DL<sub>co.</sub>)
   Baseline pulmonary function studies should be carried out and repeated as clinically indicated during treatment. Pulmonary toxicity associated with lomustine appears to be dose- related.
- Peripheral neuropathy: VinCRIStine may cause peripheral neuropathy which is dose related and

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cumulative, requiring monitoring before each dose is administered. The presence of pre-existing neuropathies or previous treatment with other neurotoxic drugs may increase risk of peripheral neuropathy. Patients with mild peripheral neuropathy can usually continue to receive full doses of vinCRIStine, but when symptoms increase in severity and interfere with neurologic function, dose reduction or discontinuation of the drug may be necessary. The natural history following discontinuation of treatment is gradual improvement, which may take up to several months.

• **Extravasation:** VinCRIStine causes pain and possible tissue necrosis if extravasated (Refer to local policy).

#### **DRUG INTERACTIONS:**

- Procarbazine is a weak MAO inhibitor and therefore interactions with certain foodstuffs and drugs, although very rare, must be borne in mind. Thus, owing to possible potentiation of the effect of barbiturates, narcotic analgesics (especially pethidine), drugs with anticholinergic effects (including phenothiazine derivatives and tricyclic antidepressants), other central nervous system depressants (including anaesthetic agents) and anti-hypertensive agents, these drugs should be given concurrently with caution and in low doses.
- Intolerance to alcohol (Disulfiram-like reaction) may occur.
- Concurrent administration of vinCRIStine with allopurinol, pyridoxine or isoniazid may increase the incidence of cytotoxic induced bone marrow depression.
- CYP 3A4 enzyme inducers may increase the clearance of vinCRIStine.
- CYP3A4 enzyme inhibitors may decrease the clearance of vinCRIStine
- Current drug interaction databases should be consulted for more information.

#### ATC CODE:

Procarbazine L01XB01 Lomustine L01AD02 VinCRIStine L01CA02

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Version	Date	Amendment	Approved By
1	01/12/2016		Prof Maccon Keane
		Clarified supply of unlicensed drugs.	
		Updated dosing of lomustine in	
2	26/10/2017	hepatic impairment, emetogenic	Prof Maccon Keane
		status and applied new NCCP	
		regimen template	
		Biennial review. Update of	
3	23/10/2019	emetogenic potential and supportive	Prof Maccon Keane
		care	

Comments and feedback welcome at oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie.

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